



ADMISSION TEST – 2025 Ph.D. (Law)

Question Booklet Sl. No.

Date of Exam. :

Duration : 120 Minutes

Max. Marks : 100

Center's Name : _____

Roll No. : _____

OMR Sheet No. : _____

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. **No clarification on the Question Paper can be sought. Answer the questions as they are.**
2. The test paper contains **100 Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)** for a total of 100 marks. All questions are compulsory. The test paper is in two (2) Parts (Part I & Part II):
 - Part I – Research Methodology (50 questions) 50×1=50 marks
 - Part II – Law (50 questions) 50×1=50 marks
3. **There will be Negative Marking for Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs). For every wrong answer 0.25 marks will be deducted.**
4. Candidates have to indicate the most appropriate answer by darkening one of the four responses provided, with **only BLACK/BLUE BALL POINT PEN** in the OMR Response Sheet.
Example : For the question, "Where is the Taj Mahal located ?"
 a) Kolkata b) Agra c) Bhopal d) Delhi

Right Method

Wrong Methods
5. Answering the question by any method other than the method mentioned above shall be considered wrong answer.
6. More than one response to a question shall be counted as wrong answer.
7. The candidate shall not write anything on the OMR Response Sheet other than the details required and, in the spaces, provided for.
8. After the examination is over, the candidate can carry the Question Booklet along with candidate's copy of the OMR Response Sheet. Candidate will hand over the original OMR Response Sheet to the invigilator.
9. The use of any unfair means by any candidate will result in the cancellation of his/her candidature.
10. **Impersonation is an offence and the candidate, apart from disqualification, may have to face criminal prosecution.**
11. **Electronic gadgets like mobile phones, digital watch, pagers and calculators etc. are strictly not permitted inside the Test Centre/Hall.**
12. **The candidates shall not leave the hall before the end of the Test.**

DO NOT OPEN TILL 2 P.M.



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PART – I
RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

1. Which method can be applicable for collecting qualitative data?
 - a) Artefacts
 - b) People
 - c) Media products
 - d) All of the above
2. The most persuasive secondary sources that are almost always acceptable to cite include:
 - a) Treatises, Nutshells, and Restatements
 - b) Treatises, Restatements, and Law Review Articles
 - c) Treatises, American Law Reports, and Encyclopaedias
 - d) Hornbooks, Nutshells, and Restatements
3. What are the conditions in which Type-I error occurs?
 - a) The null hypotheses get accepted even if it is false
 - b) The null hypotheses get rejected even if it is true
 - c) Both the null hypotheses as well as alternative hypotheses are rejected
 - d) None of the above
4. Which of the following legal sources includes short case descriptions arranged topically?
 - a) Reporters
 - b) Digests
 - c) Annotated Codes
 - d) Both Digests and Annotated Codes
5. The ultimate goal of legal research is to find:
 - a) persuasive primary authority
 - b) secondary authority
 - c) persuasive secondary authority
 - d) binding primary authority
6. You are researching a family law matter for a senior partner at your law firm. In your research, you have learned that the legal issue has not been addressed by a court of law in your State. Which kind of secondary source would be best to rely upon to determine how a court of law in your State might address this legal issue?
 - a) Federal environmental administrative regulations
 - b) A law review article that examines the legal issue you are researching
 - c) A non-legal website that addresses only the social issues and policies involved
 - d) A case or statute from another jurisdiction



7. What is the primary method of case law analysis?
 - a) Ambiguity clarification
 - b) Plain meaning rule
 - c) Both a) and b)
 - d) Analogical reasoning
8. What is the goal of objective legal writing?
 - a) To predict and argue
 - b) To educate and persuade
 - c) To argue and persuade
 - d) To educate and predict
9. What are the best practical tips to avoid plagiarism for legal writing?
 - a) Cite apart from the drafting process
 - b) Substitute short form cites as needed in final revisions
 - c) Insert long form cites while drafting
 - d) All of the above
10. In qualitative research, which of the following criteria is concerned with the question of whether the findings apply to other contexts?
 - a) Transferability
 - b) Credibility
 - c) Internal validity
 - d) Confirmability
11. Hypothesis is _____.
 - a) Conclusion drawn from existing literature
 - b) Interpretation of data
 - c) Relation between variables
 - d) Comparison of assumptions
12. Quantitative research is otherwise known as _____.
 - a) Ethnographic approach
 - b) Unstructured approach
 - c) Descriptive approach
 - d) Structured approach
13. On what basis did Jean Piaget give his theory of cognitive development of humans?
 - a) Evaluation Research
 - b) Fundamental Research
 - c) Applied Research
 - d) Action Research



14. Random sampling is helpful as it is _____.
 - a) Reasonably accurate
 - b) Free from personal biases
 - c) An economical method of data collection
 - d) All of the above

15. Sampling is advantageous as it _____.
 - a) Saves time
 - b) Helps in capital-saving
 - c) Increases accuracy
 - d) All of the above

16. Which tool is commonly used for quantitative data analysis?
 - a) Microsoft Word
 - b) Statistical Package for Social Sciences (SPSS)
 - c) Adobe Photoshop
 - d) PowerPoint

17. In which of the following research methods, process of hypothesis testing optimally safeguards the role of extraneous variables?
 - a) Ex-post Facto method
 - b) Experimental method
 - c) Historical method
 - d) Descriptive Survey method

18. What is the significance of research ethics?
 - a) To show gratitude towards the researcher
 - b) To ensure the integrity of research
 - c) To reduce plagiarism
 - d) To increase research findings

19. What is the difference between reliability and validity in research?
 - a) Reliability refers to the consistency of findings, while validity refers to the accuracy of findings
 - b) Reliability refers to the generalizability of findings, while validity refers to the relevance of findings
 - c) Reliability refers to the ease of using a research method, while validity refers to the difficulty of using a research method
 - d) Reliability refers to the cost of research, while validity refers to the benefits of research



20. Consider the following Assertion and Reasons :

Assertion: Data processing plays a vital role in converting raw data into meaningful information for analysis and interpretation.

Reason 1: Data processing involves organizing, cleaning, and transforming raw data into a format suitable for statistical analysis.

Reason 2: Effective data processing ensures that the research findings are valid and reliable.

Select the correct option:

- a) Both Reason 1 and Reason 2 are correct
 - b) Both Reason 1 and Reason 2 are incorrect
 - c) Only Reason 1 is correct
 - d) Only Reason 2 is correct
21. In legal research, what is the primary purpose of utilizing specialized law libraries?
- a) To access general information and literature on legal topics
 - b) To locate specific legal statutes, case law, and legal commentary
 - c) To conduct qualitative analysis of legal texts
 - d) To network with legal professionals for research collaboration
22. Your law firm is representing a client in a complex international business transaction. You need to research the laws of a foreign jurisdiction that are not readily available in English. Which of the following resources available in the law library would be the MOST effective starting point for your research?
- a) International legal treatises and journals
 - b) Online legal translation tools
 - c) Foreign language legal dictionaries and encyclopaedias
 - d) Consulting with an attorney specializing in international law
23. You are conducting a survey research study on the relationship between student study habits and academic performance. You collect data on the number of hours each student studies per week and their final exam grades. Which of the following is the MOST appropriate statistical test to analyze this relationship?
- a) Chi-square test
 - b) Correlation analysis
 - c) T-test
 - d) One-way ANOVA
24. What is the difference between primary and secondary data?
- a) Primary data is collected first-hand, while secondary data is collected from existing sources
 - b) Primary data is qualitative, while secondary data is quantitative
 - c) Primary data is collected from government reports, while secondary data is collected from interviews
 - d) Primary data is more economical than secondary data



25. When considering the internal validity of a research design, what does the term “threats to internal validity” refer to?
- a) Factors that limit the generalizability of research findings to broader populations
 - b) Biases or confounding variables that may affect the interpretation of study results
 - c) Issues related to the reliability and consistency of measurement instruments
 - d) Ethical considerations and guidelines governing research conduct
26. In the context of report writing in legal research, what is the primary purpose of incorporating jurimetrics?
- a) To enhance the readability and accessibility of the report for a non-legal audience
 - b) To provide a comprehensive analysis of legal doctrines and precedents
 - c) To utilize quantitative methods for predicting legal outcomes and trends
 - d) To incorporate ethical considerations and guidelines into the research findings
27. Your research report analyzes the impact of a recent Supreme Court decision on lower court rulings using a qualitative approach. You want to strengthen your arguments by incorporating relevant quantitative data. Which of the following sources is the MOST appropriate and reliable for obtaining this data?
- a) Government websites with legal statistics reports
 - b) Legal blogs and online commentary pieces
 - c) Scholarly articles published in peer-reviewed legal journals
 - d) Social media posts and online discussions about the court decision
28. What are the two main types of qualitative research methods?
- a) Interviews and Surveys
 - b) Experiments and Case Studies
 - c) Case Studies and Content Analysis
 - d) Observations and Surveys
29. When researchers use designs that call for multiple groups, the most commonly employed test is:
- a) Z-test
 - b) t-test for difference of means
 - c) Paired t-test
 - d) F-test



30. What is the expanded form of OSCOLA citation?
- a) Oxford University Standard for the Citation of Legal Authorities
 - b) Oxford University System for the Citation of Legal Acts
 - c) Oxford Universal System for the Citation of Legal Authorities
 - d) Oxford University Standard for the Citation of Legal Authority
31. In the context of a literature review, what does the term “conceptual framework” refer to?
- a) A theoretical model that guides the organization and interpretation of literature
 - b) A summary of research findings from previous studies
 - c) A database containing relevant research articles and publications
 - d) A statistical technique used to analyze data from multiple studies
32. Which of the following resources is LEAST likely to be a valuable source for a thorough review of literature in your research?
- a) Peer-reviewed academic journals relevant to your topic
 - b) Government reports and data on relevant issues
 - c) Books and edited volumes written by established scholars in the field
 - d) Popular media articles and blog posts on the research topic
33. What is the primary responsibility of researchers regarding informed consent in research studies?
- a) To obtain consent from all participants regardless of the nature of the study
 - b) To ensure that participants are fully informed about the risks and benefits of participation
 - c) To guarantee that participants remain anonymous throughout the study
 - d) To obtain consent only from vulnerable populations
34. A researcher is conducting a study on the psychological effects of social media use among teenagers. They plan to recruit participants from a popular social media platform without informing their parents or guardians. Which ethical principle is being violated in this scenario?
- a) Informed consent: Participants have the right to know about the research and choose to participate freely
 - b) Data privacy: Researchers must ensure the confidentiality and security of participant data
 - c) Justice: Research benefits and burdens should be distributed fairly
 - d) Scientific integrity: Researchers must be honest and transparent in their research practices



35. Which research method is commonly used in socio-legal research to explore the experiences and perspectives of individuals affected by legal issues?
- a) Experimental design
 - b) Survey research
 - c) Ethnographic research
 - d) Content analysis
36. Which of the following statements is NOT correct about a questionnaire?
- a) Large amounts of information can be collected
 - b) It is quick and easy to collect results
 - c) An expensive method to collecting data
 - d) Set of questions for the purposes of a survey or statistical study
37. What distinguishes a well-formulated research problem from a poorly formulated one?
- a) A well-formulated research problem is broad and general, while a poorly formulated one is specific
 - b) A well-formulated research problem is feasible and manageable, while a poorly formulated one is too complex or abstract
 - c) A well-formulated research problem has a clear and predetermined solution, while a poorly formulated one lacks direction
 - d) A well-formulated research problem is subjective and open-ended, while a poorly formulated one is objective and precise
38. What is the primary challenge in defining a research problem that is both relevant and significant?
- a) Identifying a topic that has not been previously studied
 - b) Ensuring that the research problem aligns with the researcher's personal interests
 - c) Balancing the scope of the research problem to address practical concerns without being too narrow or too broad
 - d) Selecting a research problem that has a predetermined solution
39. A researcher conducting participant observation in an online community forum encounters a heated discussion involving offensive language and discriminatory remarks. How should the researcher ethically respond to this situation while maintaining the integrity of the research?
- a) Ignore the incident and continue collecting data as planned
 - b) Report the offensive comments to the forum moderators and potentially compromise the anonymity of participants
 - c) Discuss the situation with a research ethics committee and consider alternative data collection methods that do not expose participants to harmful content
 - d) Engage in direct confrontation with the participants using offensive language, reflecting the researcher's personal values



40. Which of the following is a common challenge in qualitative research?
- a) Ensuring replicability and generalizability of findings
 - b) Maintaining objectivity and minimizing researcher bias
 - c) Collecting large amounts of standardized data
 - d) Achieving consensus among researchers on data interpretation
41. A researcher is investigating the relationship between the length of criminal trials and the likelihood of conviction. They want to use jurimetrics to analyze this relationship. However, they encounter a dataset with missing information regarding the length of some trials. Which of the following approaches is the MOST appropriate and statistically sound method to address this missing data in the context of jurimetrics research?
- a) Imputing missing values using the mean duration of all trials
 - b) Excluding cases with missing data from the analysis, potentially leading to biased results
 - c) Using a statistical technique like multiple imputation to estimate missing values based on available data
 - d) Ignoring the missing data altogether and focusing on cases with complete information, reducing the sample size and potentially affecting generalizability
42. Which of the following methods is used in empirical researches?
- a) Inductive method
 - b) Deductive method
 - c) Initiative method
 - d) Scientific method
43. A researcher is writing the abstract for their research report. Which of the following statements, accurately reflects the MOST important characteristic of an effective abstract?
- a) The abstract should be as detailed and lengthy as possible, providing a comprehensive overview of the entire research report
 - b) The abstract should primarily focus on the literature review and previous research on the topic
 - c) The abstract should be concise and informative, providing a clear summary of the research question, methodology, key findings, and conclusions
 - d) The abstract should prioritize technical jargon and complex terminology specific to the researcher's field



44. Which of the following is an example of a null hypothesis?
- a) There is a significant difference between Group A and Group B
 - b) There is no relationship between variables X and Y
 - c) The mean score of Sample A is higher than the mean score of Sample B
 - d) The experimental treatment has a positive effect
45. Which of the following is NOT a common citation style used in academic research?
- a) APA (American Psychological Association)
 - b) MLA (Modern Language Association)
 - c) AP (Associated Press)
 - d) Chicago Manual of Style
46. What information is typically included in a citation for a journal article in Bluebook style?
- a) Author's name, publication year, journal title and date
 - b) Author's name, book title, and page number
 - c) Author's name, publication date, and website URL
 - d) Author's name, title, volume number, journal, page and date
47. Which of the following is non-probability sampling technique?
- a) Cluster sampling
 - b) Snowball sampling
 - c) Systematic Random sampling
 - d) Simple Random sampling
48. In which of the following research methods, manipulation of variables and randomization of samples are two of the basic requirements?
- a) Ex-post facto research
 - b) Descriptive research
 - c) Case study research
 - d) Experimental research
49. Tippit table refers to as _____.
- a) Table of random digits
 - b) The table used in sampling methods
 - c) The table used in statistical investigations
 - d) All of the above
50. What is the primary purpose of Institutional Review Boards (IRBs) in research institutions?
- a) To evaluate the statistical validity of research studies
 - b) To ensure that research studies comply with ethical standards and regulations
 - c) To provide funding for research projects
 - d) To recruit participants for research studies

PART – II
LAW

51. "Delegated legislation is a growing child called upon to relieve the parent of the strain of overwork and capable of attending to minor matters, while the parent manages the main business." Who made the above statement?
 - a) Sir Carleton Kemp Allen
 - b) Sir John William Salmond
 - c) James Finn Garner
 - d) Sir Cecil Carr
52. The expression 'federative power' used by John Locke is related to:
 - a) General rule making power
 - b) Power of conducting foreign affairs
 - c) Legislative power
 - d) Judicial power
53. In which of the following decisions, the Supreme Court of India held that the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly of the State is a quasi-judicial authority while adjudicating the disqualification petition of any member of the Assembly?
 - a) *Shrimanth Balasaheb Patil v. Hon'ble Speaker, Karnataka Legislative Assembly*
 - b) *Raja Ram Pal v. Hon'ble Speaker, Lok Sabha and Ors.*
 - c) *Dr. Kashinath G. Jalmi and Anr. v. Speaker and Ors.*
 - d) *G. Viswanathan v. Hon'ble Speaker, Tamil Nadu Legislative Assembly*
54. Which provision of the Constitution of India provides definition of 'Goods and Services Tax' ?
 - a) Article 246(A)
 - b) Article 269(A)
 - c) Article 366(12A)
 - d) Article 279(A)
55. If a person is elected as the President of India and exercises powers and duties of the office of President, and subsequently such election is declared void by the Supreme Court of India, then by reason of that declaration all acts done in the exercise of the powers and duties of the office of President before the date of such decision of the Supreme Court shall be:
 - a) Void
 - b) Irregular
 - c) Invalid
 - d) Not invalid



56. Which of the following is NOT expressly given as a factor to be considered by the Governor for the purpose of the constitution of Municipalities under Article 243Q of the Constitution of India, for the purpose of notification of any area as a 'transitional area'?
- a) Density of the population
 - b) Percentage of schools, colleges and hospitals in proportion of the population
 - c) Percentage of employment in non-agricultural activities
 - d) Revenue generated for local administration
57. All minerals and other things of value underlying the ocean within the limits of the territorial waters or continental shelf of India shall vest in the
- a) President of India
 - b) Union of India
 - c) State(s) having territory adjacent to the ocean
 - d) Authority in accordance with the international convention
58. Which of the following statements regarding the test of intention to create legal relationship is untrue?
- a) Intention is inferred when the parties to an agreement conform to the rules of law for formation of contracts
 - b) Intention to create legal relationship can be expressly negated by construction of the document from which that intention is to be inferred
 - c) A promisor who never intended to create legal relationship shall not be bound even if a reasonable person would consider that there was an intention to contract
 - d) Even the promisor who never intended to create legal relationship shall be bound if a reasonable person would consider that there was an intention to contract
59. Choose the correct answer regarding the '*Contra Proferentem*' rule.
- a) It is a rule of interpretation of words in favour of the drafter of the contract
 - b) It is a rule of interpretation of words against the drafter of the contract
 - c) It is a rule of interpretation of words to infer the real intention of the drafter of the contract
 - d) It is a rule of construction of words used in the contract to infer the prevailing customary effects



60. Where a wife borrows money to manage necessary family expenses in a reasonable manner, the husband shall be liable to repay the debt to its creditor under implied authority of borrowing.

Consider the above statement and choose correct answer.

- a) Husband is liable as principal for the act of wife as agent under the principle of agency
 - b) Husband is liable as surety for the act of wife as debtor under the contract of guarantee
 - c) Husband is liable as master for the act of wife as servant under the principle of vicarious liability
 - d) Husband is not liable to repay debt
61. The expression 'Mercantile Agent' given under Section 178 of the Indian Contract Act 1872 has the same meaning as assigned under:
- a) The General Clauses Act 1897
 - b) The Transfer of Property Act 1882
 - c) The Sale of Goods Act 1930
 - d) The Indian Partnership Act 1932
62. A bailor of goods lends it gratuitously for a specified time and purpose. On the faith of such bailment made for a specified time and purpose, the bailee has acted in such a manner that the return of the goods lent before the agreed time would cause him loss exceeding the benefit actually derived by him from the use of goods. The bailor compels to return of goods before the specified time and accomplishment of purpose.
- Consider the above statement and suggest the correct answer.
- a) Bailor may not compel to return of goods before the specified time and accomplishment of purpose in any condition
 - b) Bailor must indemnify for the amount in which the loss so occasioned exceeds the benefit so derived
 - c) Bailor may compel to return of goods before the specified time and accomplishment of purpose without indemnifying bailee
 - d) Bailee is entitled to claim damages and compensation for the breach of promise
63. Section 25 of the Indian Contract Act 1872 provides the general rule that the agreement without consideration is void. However, the section contains _____ exceptions.
- a) Two
 - b) Three
 - c) Four
 - d) Five



64. What is the consideration to enforce a contract of guarantee against the surety?
- a) Consideration is not necessary in contract of guarantee
 - b) All existing and collateral securities in hands of the creditor against the principal debtor are sufficient consideration to the surety for giving the guarantee
 - c) All collateral securities are sufficient consideration to the surety for giving the guarantee
 - d) Anything done, or any promise made, for the benefit of the principal debtor, may be a sufficient consideration to the surety for giving the guarantee
65. A professional association of Medical Practitioners have developed bylaws for determining the entitlements, ethics and discipline of members of such association. Such bylaws may be considered as:
- a) Consensual Agreement
 - b) Legislation
 - c) Autonomic Legislation
 - d) Customary Law
66. Lon Luvois Fuller propounded the term 'Eunomics' and defines it as:
- a) Doctrine of binding ultimate ends
 - b) The theory or study of good order and workable arrangements
 - c) Rationality and morality are the essence of law
 - d) Distinctive coalescence of form, value, and fact
67. Who shall discharge the function of making over the case for inquiry or trial under Section 212 of the Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023?
- a) Chief Judicial Magistrate
 - b) Court of Session
 - c) High Court
 - d) Executive Magistrate
68. 'Petty offence' means any offence punishable only with fine NOT exceeding:
- a) Five Thousand Rupees
 - b) Three Thousand Rupees
 - c) Two Thousand Rupees
 - d) One Thousand Rupees



69. Who is empowered to determine the language of courts under Section 307 of the Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023?
- a) Ministry of Law and Justice, Government of India
 - b) Supreme Court of India
 - c) High Court
 - d) State Government

70. '*Generalia Specialibus Non Derogant*' means:
- a) Special law will always prevail over general law
 - b) General law will always prevail over special law
 - c) General words are to be understood in a general way
 - d) Incorrect grammar does not vitiate a deed

71. Consider the following statements:
- i. The identification of an accused by a witness in court is substantive evidence.
 - ii. The evidence of identification in test identification parade is primary evidence but not substantive evidence.
 - iii. Test identification parade can be used only to corroborate identification of the accused by a witness in the court.

Choose the correct answer.

- a) (i) and (ii) are correct but (iii) incorrect
 - b) (i) and (ii) are incorrect but (iii) is correct
 - c) (i) and (iii) are correct but (ii) incorrect
 - d) (i), (ii) and (iii) are correct
72. Which of the following Latin maxims is related to relevancy of dying declaration?
- a) *Actus Curias Neminem Gravabit*
 - b) *Nemo Moriturus Praesumitur Mentire*
 - c) *Nullum Tempus Aut Locus Occurrit Regi*
 - d) *Lex Non Cogit Ad Impossibilia*

73. Choose the correct answer regarding the doctrine of restitution under Section 144 of the Code of Civil Procedure 1908.
- a) The expression 'restitution' is clearly defined under Section 144 of the Code of Civil Procedure 1908
 - b) Section 144 confers a new substantive right on the parties for the tortious act caused due to erroneous decree or order passed by the court
 - c) Section 144 does not confer any new substantive right. It merely regulates the power of the court to restore the parties so far as they can be restored
 - d) The courts do not have the inherent power to make restitution under Section 144 of the Code of Civil Procedure 1908



74. Which of the following maxims is NOT related to doctrine of *res judicata*?
- a) *Nemo Debet Bis Vexari Pro Una Et Eadem Causa*
 - b) *Nemo Tenetur Se Ipsum Prodere*
 - c) *Interest Reipublicae Ut Sit Finis Litium*
 - d) *Res Judicata Pro Veritate Occipitur*
75. Where the court has passed a decree for the payment of money and the decree is silent with respect to the payment of interest during the period from the date of the decree to the date of payment, it shall be deemed that:
- a) Court has refused such interest and therefore no separate suit shall be instituted for the payment of interest
 - b) Court has refused such interest; however, a separate suit may be instituted for the payment of interest
 - c) Court has not refused such interest; however, a separate suit may be instituted for the payment of interest
 - d) Court has not refused such interest but adjusted the payment of interest in the cost of the suit
76. All questions relating to executability or non-executability of a decree have been conferred within the exclusive jurisdiction of the court executing the decree by virtue of the provision _____ of the Code of Civil Procedure 1908.
- a) Section 10
 - b) Section 11
 - c) Section 33
 - d) Section 47
77. 'A', the owner of 'X', 'Y' and 'Z' properties, mortgages them to 'B' and then sells 'Z' property to 'C'. 'A' commits default in payment of mortgage amount then 'B' exercises his remedy against the mortgaged properties. In the absence of a contract to the contrary, 'C' may demand that the due mortgage amount be satisfied out of:
- a) 'X', 'Y' and 'Z' properties in equal proportion
 - b) 'Z' property only for half part of mortgage amount
 - c) 'X' and 'Y' properties only
 - d) 'X' and 'Y' properties so far as the same will extend to satisfy the due mortgage amount
78. Section 135 of the Transfer of Property Act 1882 deals with the provision for the assignment of rights under the policy of _____ insurance.
- a) Life
 - b) Marine
 - c) Agriculture
 - d) Fire



79. 'X' transfers his property in favor of an unborn person 'Y' in accordance with the principle of Section 13 of the Transfer of Property Act 1882. 'Y' acquires interest in the property upon his birth, although 'Y' is not entitled to enjoy the property immediately on his birth. The interest of 'Y' in the property is:
- a) Contingent interest
 - b) Vested interest
 - c) Future interest
 - d) Irregular interest
80. The general rule for the apportionment of income between the transferor and transferee under Section 36 of the Transfer of Property Act 1882 is that such income shall be deemed to accrue due from:
- a) Day to day basis
 - b) Every fortnight basis
 - c) Monthly basis
 - d) Yearly basis
81. A tortious act infringes:
- a) *Right in personam*
 - b) *Right in rem*
 - c) Both *Right in personam* and *Right in rem*
 - d) Neither *Right in personam* nor *Right in rem*
82. 'Malice in fact' means:
- a) A wrongful act done intentionally without just cause
 - b) A wrongful act done intentionally with evil motive
 - c) A wrongful act done intentionally with just cause
 - d) A wrongful act done intentionally without evil
83. Consider the following statements:
- i. Libel is addressed to the eye.
 - ii. Slander is addressed to the ear.
 - iii. Slander is a criminal wrong.
- Choose the correct answer.
- a) (i) is correct but (ii) and (iii) are incorrect
 - b) (i) and (ii) are correct but (iii) is incorrect
 - c) (ii) and (iii) are correct but (i) is incorrect
 - d) (i), (ii) and (iii) are correct



84. Which of the following is NOT necessary to establish the liability for negligence under law of torts?

- a) Breach of duty
- b) Duty of care
- c) Intentional act or omission
- d) Causing injury to another

85. What must be shown before the court to obtain an injunction to stop nuisance?

- a) Convenience of the applicant
- b) Guilt of the defendant
- c) No alternative legal remedy exists
- d) Gravity and permanent character of injury complained

86. Choose the correct answer regarding the purpose of the United Nations.

- a) To establish trade harmony
- b) To ensure internal peace and security of every State
- c) Prevention and removal of threats to international peace
- d) To achieve international cooperation in solving domestic humanitarian problems of States

87. Which of the following is/are correct according to the 'Constructive Theory of Recognition'?

- i. Recognition is a key to membership of the international community.
- ii. It is constitutive of a new international legal personality.
- iii. States are under a legal obligation to grant recognition to a newly emerging State.
- iv. Recognition clothes the government of the recognized State with authority and opportunity to conduct international relations.

Choose the correct answer:

- a) i, ii and iv are correct
- b) i and ii are correct
- c) ii and iv are correct
- d) i, iii and iv are correct

88. Consider the following statements:

- i. Citizenship is the concern of municipal law.
- ii. Nationality is the concern of international law only.
- iii. There is no provision for nationality in the Constitution of India.

Choose the correct answer:

- a) i, ii and iii are correct
- b) i and ii are correct
- c) ii and iii are correct
- d) i and iii are correct



89. Which of the following marginal note to Section 4 of the Bhartiya Sakshya Adhiniyam 2023 deals with the same doctrine as was contained under section 6 of the Indian Evidence Act 1872 ?
- a) Relevancy of facts forming part of the same transaction
 - b) Closely connected facts
 - c) Facts under *res gestae*
 - d) Proximate facts
90. Under the recent criminal law the 'community service' is a _____. .
- a) moral teaching not amounting to punishment
 - b) form of punishment
 - c) non-significant term
 - d) form of rehabilitation of offender in the society
91. When the acceptor of a negotiable instrument is also a drawer, in that case a notice of dishonor is:
- a) Necessary
 - b) Not necessary
 - c) Not always necessary but under certain circumstances it is must
 - d) Depending on option of the parties
92. 'Mesne profits' of property does NOT include:
- a) Profits which the person in wrongful possession of such property actually received
 - b) Profits which the person in wrongful possession of such property might with ordinary diligence have received
 - c) Profits due to improvements made by the person in wrongful possession of such property
 - d) Interest on profits which the person in wrongful possession of such property actually received
93. What is the basis for determining whether a person is partner in a firm?
- a) The real relation between the parties, as shown by all relevant facts taken together
 - b) The sharing of profits arising from the property by persons holding common interest in such property
 - c) The sharing of profits arising from the property by persons holding joint interest in such property
 - d) The receipt by a person of a share of the profits of a business



94. Which of the following international conventions co-ordinates cybercrime investigations among States parties?
- a) United Nations Convention Against Transnational Organized Crime
 - b) Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court
 - c) Agreement on the Enforcement of Sentences with the International Criminal Court
 - d) Budapest Convention on Cybercrime
95. In which of the following cases has the Supreme Court of India directed the Central Government to constitute a National Tribunals Commission (NTC), an independent body to supervise the functioning of Tribunals in India?
- a) *Union of India v. Debts Recovery Tribunal Bar Assn.* (2013) 2 SCC 574
 - b) *Madras Bar Association v. Union of India* (2021) 7 SCC 369
 - c) *National Company Law Tribunal Bar Association v. Union of India* 2022 SCC OnLine SC 985
 - d) *Registrar General, High Court of Judicature at Madras v. Tamil Nadu Public Service Commission* 2017 SCC OnLine SC 514
96. In which of the following cases, the Supreme Court of India directed to install CCTV Cameras and recording equipment in the office of agencies which carry out interrogations and holding of accused takes place in the same manner as it would in a police station ?
- a) *State of Maharashtra v. Keshao Vishwanath Sonone*, 2020 SCC OnLine 1040
 - b) *Paramvir Singh Saini v. Baljit Singh*, AIR 2020 SC 64
 - c) *Rohtas v. State of Haryana*, [2019] 16 S.C.R. 861
 - d) *Chaman Lal v. State of Himachal Pradesh*, (2004) 7 SCC 525
97. Appointing a person as director against the director of a company during his absence for a period of not less than three months from India is known as:
- a) Alternate Director
 - b) Additional Director
 - c) Resident Director
 - d) Nominee Director
98. Consider the following Assertion [A] and Reasoning [R]:
- [A] Socialism is implicit in the preamble and directive principles of state policy under the Constitution of India.
- [R] The term 'economic justice' denotes social and economic liberties of the people.
- Choose the most suitable answer.
- a) Both [A] and [R] are true
 - b) Both [A] and [R] are false
 - c) [A] is false, but [R] is true
 - d) [A] is true, but [R] is false



99. Consider the following Assertion [A] and Reasoning [R]:

[A] The Judge of a High Court is not a Government Servant.

[R] The relationship of Master and Servant between the Government and Judge would defeat judicial independence.

Choose the most suitable answer.

- a) Both [A] and [R] are true
- b) Both [A] and [R] are false
- c) [A] is false, but [R] is true
- d) [A] is true, but [R] is false

100. Which of the following statements regarding the application of Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 is NOT true?

- a) Provision of the Sanhita shall apply to any offence committed by any person in any place without and beyond India committing offence targeting a computer resource located in India
- b) Provision of the Sanhita shall not apply to any offence committed by any person in any place without and beyond India committing offence targeting a computer resource located in India
- c) Provision of the Sanhita shall apply to any offence committed by any citizen of India in any place without and beyond India
- d) The word 'Offence' includes every act committed outside India which, if committed in India, would be punishable under this Sanhita
